

# Module 4 : Complex Logic Gates

Learning Objective:

1. Understand the principle of complex logic gates.
2. Understand NAND and NOR gates as universal gates.

- [Theory](#)
- [Video](#)

# Theory

# Complex Logic Gates: Theory

## Introduction

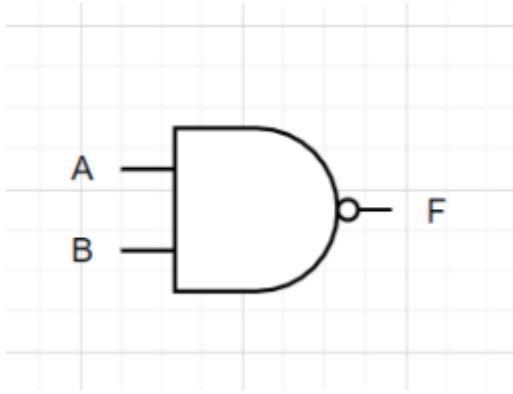
Complex logic gates are formed by combining basic logic gates like **AND**, **OR**, and **NOT** to create more advanced circuits that perform specific logical functions. These gates simplify digital circuit design and can reduce the number of integrated circuits (ICs) required.

## Key Types of Complex Logic Gates

### 1. NAND Gate

A **NAND** gate is the combination of an **AND** gate followed by a **NOT** gate (inverter). It outputs a logic high (1) unless both inputs are high, making it a universal gate, as any logic gate can be constructed using only **NAND** gates.

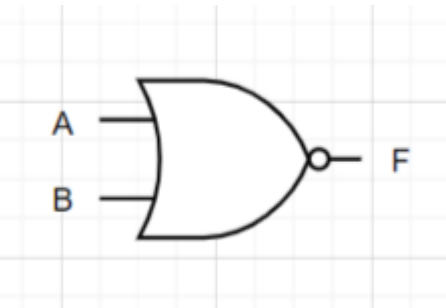
A	B	NAND
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0



## 2. NOR Gate

A **NOR** gate is a combination of an **OR** gate followed by a **NOT** gate. It outputs a logic high (1) only when both inputs are low. Similar to the **NAND** gate, **NOR** can be used to construct any other basic gate.

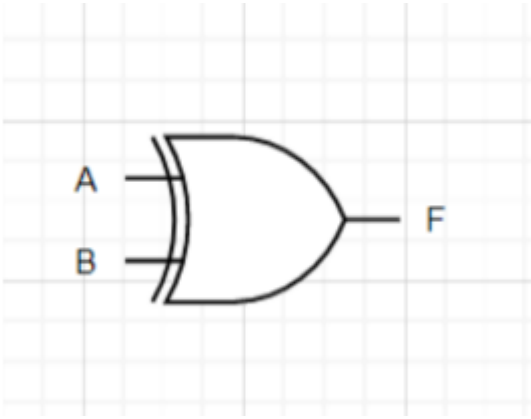
A	B	NOR
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	0



## 3. XOR Gate

An **XOR** (exclusive-OR) gate outputs true (1) when exactly one of the inputs is true. It's commonly used in arithmetic circuits and error detection.

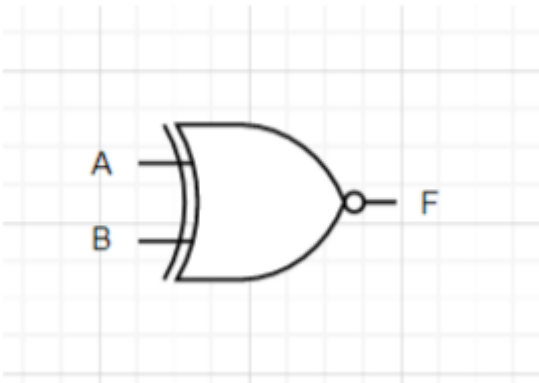
A	B	XOR
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0



## 4. XNOR Gate

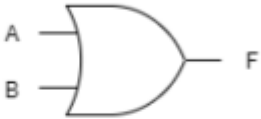



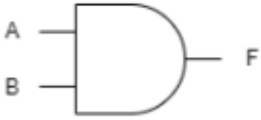

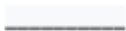
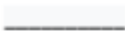
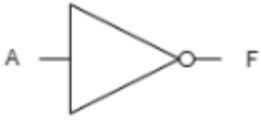
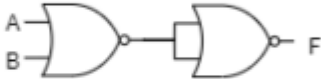
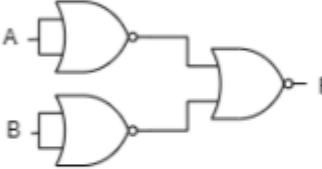
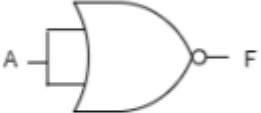
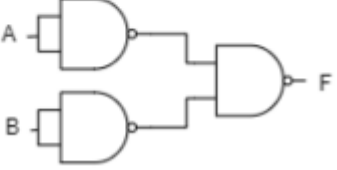
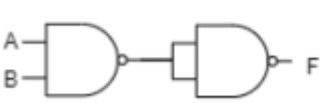

The **XNOR** (exclusive-NOR) gate is the complement of the **XOR** gate. It outputs true (1) only when the inputs are equal.

A	B	XNOR
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1



## Alternative Explanation of Logic Gates

Complex gates NAND and NOR can be used to represent basic logic gates functions AND, OR and NOT. The representation is shown below :

	$F = A + B$	$F = AB$	$F = A'$
OR Gate			
AND Gate			
NOT Gate			
NOR Gate			
NAND Gate			

# Importance of Complex Logic Gates

Complex gates, such as **NAND** and **NOR**, are known as **universal gates** because they can be used to implement any Boolean function or any other gate (AND, OR, NOT). They are particularly useful in optimizing the design of digital circuits by minimizing the number of components required.

In more advanced circuits, complex gates like **XOR** and **XNOR** play critical roles in error detection, data comparison, and arithmetic operations such as addition and subtraction which we will get into on the next module.

# Conclusion

Complex logic gates offer an efficient way to design more intricate digital systems by reducing the complexity and number of ICs needed. Their versatility makes them essential building blocks in modern digital electronics.

# Video

<https://www.youtube.com/embed/wk2XmoaCO7Q?si=hUrT23KhHA20avCu>